Thermal kiosk printer HS-K33 Specification



Contents

I introduction 1.1 Brief introduction	1
1.2 Main features	1
2 Dimension Figure and Pin Definitions	2
2.1 External Dimension Figure	2
2.2 Pin Definitions	3
3 Load paper roll direction	4
4 Technical specifications	3
5 List of Commands	4
6 Command in details	6
① Print and feed command	6
Print and line feed	6
Print and carriage return	6
Print and feed paper	6
Print and feed n lines	7
② Character command	7
Set line spacing	7
Select default line spacing	8
Set absolute print position	8
Set left space	
Set horizontal and vertical movement unit	9
Set right-side character spacing	9
Select character font	10
Select print mode(s)	10
Select character size	11
Turn white/black reverse printing mode	
Turn underline mode on/off	12
Turn 90°clockwise rotation mode on/off	13
Turn emphasized mode on/off	
Turn double-strike mode on/off	
Turn upside-down print mode on/off	14
Select justification (Left justification) centering, Right justification)	
Select Chinese character mode	
Cancel Chinese character mode	15
Select print mode(s) for Chinese characters	
Select an international character set	16
Select character code table	
③ Bit image command	
Print MSB BITMAP	20
Print LSB bitmap	
Select bit-image mode	
Define downloaded bit image	
Print downloaded bit image	25

	Define NV bit image	25
	Print NV bit image	29
	Print raster bit image	30
4	Tab command	31
	Horizontal tab	31
	Set horizontal tab positions	31
(5)	Bar code command	32
	Select printing position for HRI characters	32
	Select bar code height	33
	Set bar code width	33
	Print bar code	34
6	QR CODE COMMAND	38
	Set the model type	38
	Set the QR code error correction level error (ECC)	38
	Set the QR code graphic data	38
	Print store QR codes graphics	39
7	STATUS COMMAND	39
	Transmit status	39
	Real-time transmission status	40
	Send real-time request to printer	42
	Enable/Disable Automatic Status Back (ASB)	43
	Set the process ID response	43
8	Other command	44
	Initialize printer	44
	Printing test paper	44
	Select cut mode and cut paper	44
	Partial cut (one point left uncut)	45
	Partial cut (three points left uncut)	45
	Set the print concentration	45

1 Introduction

1.1 Brief introduction

HS-K33 is a thermal embedded kiosk printer with high stability, which is widely used in receipt printing field.

HS-K33 connects other devices via USB or serial. The supported operating systems are as following:

WINDOWS XP WINDOWS 7 32/64 WINDOWS 8 WINDOWS 10 UBUNTU 12.04 32/64 UBUNTU 14.04 32/64 MAC OS

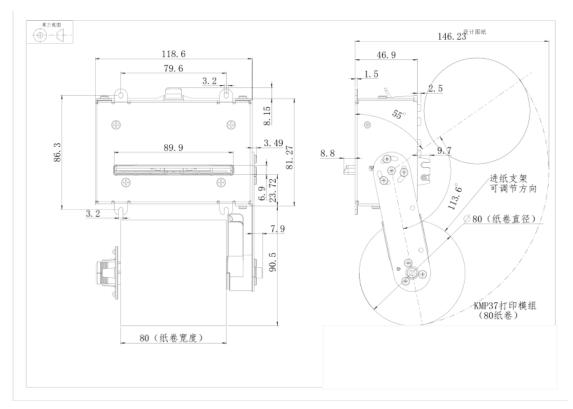
1.2 Main features

- ·Thermal printer mechanism
- ·Support USB+Serial communication
- ·Easy paper loading
- ·Easy to integrate into kiosk designs
- ·Automatic paper feeding
- ·Auto Cutter with long lifespan
- ·Paper near end and no paper fetch after printing out detection function
- ·With a mounting bracket, support big paper roll

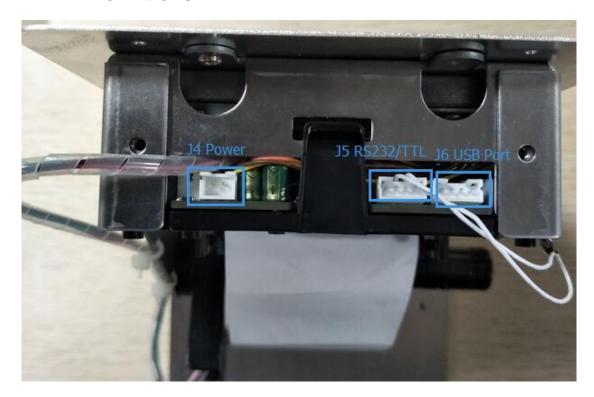
www.prths.com

2 Dimension Figure and Pin Definitions

2.1 External Dimension Figure



2.2 Pin Definitions



J6 USB port

Pin number	Pin number	Definition
1	VUSB	+5V
2	D-	DATA-
3	D+	DATA+
4	GND	GND

J4 Power supply

Pin number	Signal name	Definition
1	VIN	+24V
2	GND	GND

J5 RS232 interface

Pin number	Signal name	function
1	DTR(printer output)	output
2	TX(Tx,printer output)	output
3	RX(Rx, printer input)	input
4	GND	GND

3 Load paper roll direction



Note: 1. Paper feed direction.

- 2. The printer has a manual operation roller which can be manually fed for option
- 3. Automatic paper feeding after the printer power on.

4 Technical specifications

Printing method	Thermal dot line printing
Paper width	80mm
Printing width	72mm
Resolution	203 DPI
Dots per line	384dots
Printing speed	180mm/s
	Chinese, ASCII characters, 1D barcode, 2D barcode, Support dots printing
Printing contents	with different densities, Support raster bitmap print, Support to download the
	bitmap print
Font(default)	9X17, 9×24, 8×16, 16×18, 12X24(ASCII), 24x24(Chinese)

5 List of Commands

LF	Print and line feed	
CR	Print and carriage return	Print and feed command
ESC J	Print and feed n points	
ESC d	Print and feed n lines	
ESC 3	Set n points line spacing	
ESC 2	Select default line spacing	
ESC \$ nL nH	Set absolute print position	
GS L nL nH	Set left space	
ESC SP n	Set right-side character spacing	
ESC M n	Select character font	
ESC!n	Select print mode(s)	
GS ! n	Select character size	
GS B n	Turn white/black reverse printing mode	
ESC - n	Turn underline mode on/off	
ESC V n	Turn 90° clockwise rotation mode on/off	Character command
ESC E n	Turn emphasized mode on/off	
ESC G n	Turn double-strike mode on/off	
ESC { n	Turn upside-down print mode on/off	
ESC a n	Select justification	
FS &	Select Chinese character mode	
FS.	Cancel Chinese character mode	
FS ! n	Select print mode(s) for Chinese characters	
ESC R n	Select an international character set	
ESC t n	Select character code table	
DC2 V	Printer MSB Bitmap	
DC2 v	Printer LSB Bitmap	
ESC *	Select bit-image mode]
GS *	Define downloaded bit image	D'4 .
GS / m	Print downloaded bit image	Bit image command
FS q	Define NV bit image	
FS p n m	Print NV bit image	
GS v 0 m	Print raster bit image	
НТ	Horizontal tab	/D 1
ESC D	Set horizontal tab positions	Tab command
GS H	Select printing position for HRI characters	
GS h	Select bar code height	Bar code command
GS w	Set bar code width	
GS k	Print bar code	
GS (k pL pH cn fn n (fn=67)	Set the module type	QR code command
GS (k pL pH cn fn	Set the QR code error correction level error	

n (fn=69)	(ECC)	
GS (k pL pH cn fn	Set the QR code graphic data	
m d1dk (fn=80)		
GS (k pL pH cn fn	Print store QR codes graphics	
m (fn=81)	Time store QR codes graphics	
GS r n	Transmit status	
DLE EOT n	Real-time transmission status	
DLE ENQ n	Send real-time request to printer	STATUS command
GS a n	Enable/Disable Automatic Status Back (ASB)	
GS a n	Set the process ID response	
ESC @	Initialize printer	
DC2 T	Printing test paper	
GS V	Select cut mode and cut paper	Other command
ESC i	Partial cut (one point left uncut)	Other command
ESC m	Partial cut (three points left uncut)	
ESC 7	Set the print concentration	

6 Command in details

① Print and feed command

Print and line feed

Name	Print and line feed	
	ASCII : LF	
Format	Decimal: 10	
	Hex: 0A	
Description	Prints the data in the print buffer and feeds one line, based on the	
Description	current line spacing.	
Range		
Default		
Support model	All the printers	
Note		
	1B 40 1C 26 30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 0d 0a	
For Example	1b 4a 10	
	1B 40 1C 26 30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 0d 0a	
	1b 4a 30	
	1B 40 1C 26 30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 0d 0a	

Print and carriage return

Name	Print and carriage return	
	ASCII : CR	
Format	Decimal : 13	
	Hex : 0D	
Description	When automatic line feed is enabled, this command functions the same as LF; when	
Description	automatic line feed is disabled, this command is ignored.	
Range		
Default		
Support model	All the printers	
Note	This command line feed is ignored with a serial interface model.	
	Sets the print starting position to the beginning of the line.	
For Example		

Print and feed paper

Name	Print and feed paper
	ASCII : ESC J n
Format	Decimal : 27 74 n
	Hex : 1B 4A n
Description	Prints the data in the print buffer and feeds the paper $[n \times 0.125 \text{ mm } (0.0049")].$
Range	$0 \le n \le 255$

Default		
Support modal	All the printers	
	After printing is completed, this command sets the print starting position to the	
	beginning of the line.	
Note	The paper feed amount set by this command does not affect the values set by	
	ESC 2 or ESC 3.	
	In standard mode, the printer uses the vertical motion unit (y).	
For example	1b 40 30 31 32 1b 4a 10	

Print and feed n lines

Name	Print and feed n lines					
	ASCII : ESC d n					
Format	Decimal : 27 100 n					
	Hex : 1B 64 n					
Description	Prints the data in the print buffer and feeds n lines.					
Range	$0 \le n \le 255$					
Default						
Support modal	All the printers					
	This command sets the print starting position to the beginning of the line.					
	This command does not affect the line spacing set by ESC 2 or ESC 3 .					
Note	The maximum paper feed amount is 1016 mm (40 inches). If the paper feed					
	amount (n line spacing) of more than 1016 mm (40 inches) is specified, the					
	printer feeds the paper only 1016 mm (40 inches).					
	1b 40 1C 26 30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 1b 64 01					
For example	1b 40 1C 26 30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 1b 64 02					
	1b 40 1C 26 30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 1b 64 00					

② Character command

Set line spacing

Name	Set line spacing					
	ASCII : ESC 3 n					
Format	Decimal : 27 51 n					
	Hex: 1B 33 n					
Description	Sets the line spacing to [n×0.125 mm].					
Range	$0 \le n \le 255$					
Default	n = 33					
Support modal	All the printers					
Note	char width AAAAAAAAAAAAAIi spacing BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB					
	If set the line spacing is less than the maximum character height in a line, so					
	the bank line spacing is equal to the maximum character level.					
	The line spacing can be set default values, when appear ESC 2,ESC @, reset					

	the printer and printer power					
	1b 40					
For example	1b 33 30					
	1C 26 30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 0d 0a					
	1C 26 30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 0d 0a					
	1C 26 30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 0d 0a					
	1b 32					
	1C 26 30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 0d 0a					

Select default line spacing

Name	Select default line spacing					
	ASCII : ESC 2					
Format	Decimal : 27 50					
	Hex : 1B 32					
Description	Selects 4.125mm (33× 0.125 mm) line spacing.					
Range	0 n 255					
Default	33 Dots					
Support modal	All the printers					
	With reference to ESC 3 command.					
Note	If set the line spacing is less than the maximum character height in a line, so					
	the bank line spacing is equal to the maximum character level.					
For example						

Set absolute print position

Name	Set absolute print position				
	ASCII : ESC \$ nL nH				
Format	Decimal : 27 36 nL nH				
	Hex : 1B 24 nL nH				
Description	The distance from the beginning of the line to the print position is[(nL +				
Description	nH×256)×0.125 mm].				
Range	$0 \le nL \le 255, \ 0 \le nH \le 255$				
Default					
Support modal	All the printers				
Note	Settings outside the specified printable area are ignored.				
Note	In standard mode, the horizontal motion unit (x) is used.				
	1b 40 1b 24 20 00				
For example	1C 26 30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 0d 0a				
	1C 26 30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 0d 0a				

Set left space

Name	Set left space				
Format	ASCII : GS L nL nH				
	Decimal : 29 76 nL nH				

	Hex : 1D 4C nL nH							
Description	Set left space $(nL + nH \times 256)$ dots.							
Range	$0 \le nL \le 255, \ 0 \le nH \le 255$							
Default								
Support modal	All the printers							
	This command is only effective in a line of the starting position of the							
	treatment.							
	As shown in the figure:							
Note	Print area Left space Print Width If set outside the printable area, use the maximum printing unit.							
For example	1b 40 1d 4c 50 00 1C 26 30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 0d 0a 1C 26 30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 0d 0a							

Set horizontal and vertical movement unit

Name	Set horizontal and vertical movement unit						
	ASCII : GS P x y						
Format	Decimal : 29 80 x y						
	HEX: 1D 50 x y						
	• Set approximation horizontal movement unit 25.4/ x mm (1/ x inch); set						
Description	approximation vertical movement unit 25.4/ y mm (1/ y inch).						
	•When x and y is 0,the x and y is set to default.						
Range	$0 \le x \le 255, \ 0 \le y \le 255$						
Default	x = 200, $y = 380$, a movement unit is the point of a print. The horizontal						
Default	distance is about 1/8mm; the vertical distance is about 1/15mm.						
Support modal	80XXX						
Note							
	1d 50 c8 c8						
	1B 4C						
	1B 57 30 00 00 00 78 00 30 00						
For avample	1B 33 18						
For example	1B 57						
	30 31 32 30 31 32 30 31 32 30 31 32 30 31 32 30 31 32 30 31 32 30 31 32 30 31						
	32 30 31 32 30 31 32 30 31 32 30 31 32 30 31 32 30 31 32 30 31 32 30 31 32						
	0C						

Set right-side character spacing

[Name] Set right-side character spacing

[Format] ASCII ESC SP n

Hex 1B 20 n

Decimal 27 32 n

[Range] $0 \le n \le 255$

[Default] n = 0

[Description] • Sets the right-side character spacing to $[n \times (horizontal \text{ or vertical motion unit})]$.

[Note] • The maximum right-side spacing is 35.98 mm {255/180"}.

Select character font

[Name] Select character font

[Format] ASCII ESC M n

Hex 1B 4D n

Decimal 27 77 n

[Range] n = 0, 1, 48, 49

[Default] n = 0

[Description] • Selects a character font.

n	Character font			
0, 48	Character font A (12 × 24)			
1, 49	Character font B (9×24) 。			
2, 50	Character font C (9×17)			
3, 51	Character font D (8×16)			

[Note] • When auto replacement of the font with the customized value, ESC! is set for the selected font, the font to be replaced is enabled.

Select print mode(s)

Name	Select print mode(s)					
	ASCII : ESC ! n					
Format	Decimal: 27 33 n					
	Hex : 1B 21 n					
	Selects print mode(s) using n as follows: (Font, white/black reverse, Inversion,					
	Bold, double-height, double-width, underline)					
	bit function value					
	0 1					
	0 font normal small					
Description	1 inverse cancel set					
Description	2 inversion cancel set					
	3 bold cancel set					
	4 double-height cancel set					
	5 double-width cancel set					
	6 underline cancel set					
	7 undefined					
Range						
Default	n = 0					
Supprot modal	All the printers					

Note	The command for Chinese fonts and foreign fonts are effective			
	ESC @,dump and restart,Reset the printer,This command setting failure			
	1B 40 1B 21 01 30 31 32 0D 0A			
	1B 40 1B 21 02 30 31 32 0D 0A			
	1B 40 1B 21 04 30 31 32 0D 0A			
Ean avamenta	1B 40 1B 21 08 30 31 32 0D 0A			
For example	1B 40 1B 21 10 30 31 32 0D 0A			
	1B 40 1B 21 20 30 31 32 0D 0A			
	1B 40 1B 21 40 30 31 32 0D 0A			
	1B 40 1B 21 80 30 31 32 0D 0A			

Select character size

Name	Select character size						
	ASCII : GS ! n						
Formal	Decimal : 29 33 n						
	HEX : 1d 21 n						
	1 v	1 vertical number of times 8, 1 horizontal number of times 8					
	Selects	the charact	er height using b	oits 0 to 2 and	selects the ch	aracter width	
	using bits 4	to 7, as fol	llows:				
		Table 1		Table 2			
	Set the	width of c	haracter	Set the he	ight of charac	eter	
	HEX	Decim al	width	HEX	Decimal	width	
Description	00	0	1(normal)	00	0	1(normal)	
-	10	16	2(double-w idth)	01	1	2(double-hei ght)	
	20	32	3	02	2	3	
	30	48	4	03	3	4	
	40	64	5	04	4	5	
	50	80	6	05	5	6	
	60	96	7	06	6	7	
	70	112	8	07	7	8	
Range							
Default	n = 0						
Suuport modal	All the prin	ters					
	This command is effective for all characters (alphanumeric and Chinese), except						
Note	for HRI characters.						
	ESC @,dump and restart,Reset the printer,This command setting failure.						
	1b 40 1c 26						
For example	1d 21 10						
	30 31 32 B0 AE CE D2 D6 D0 BB AA 0d 0a						
	1B 40 1c 26						

1d 21 01
30 31 32 B0 AE CE D2 D6 D0 BB AA 0d 0a
1B 40 1c 26
1d 21 11
30 31 32 B0 AE CE D2 D6 D0 BB AA 0d 0a

Turn white/black reverse printing mode

Name	Turn white/black reverse printing mode				
	ASCII : GS B n				
Format	Decimal : 29 66 n				
	HEX : 1d 42 n				
	Turns on or off white/black reverse printing mode.				
Description	When the LSB of n is 0, white/black reverse mode is turned off.				
	When the LSB of n is 1, white/black reverse mode is turned on.				
Range					
Default	n = 0				
Support modal	All the printers				
Note	Only the lowest bit of n is valid. This command is available for built-in characters and user-defined characters. When white/black reverse printing mode is on, it also applies to character spacing set by ESC SP. This command does not affect bit images, user-defined bit images, bar codes,HRI characters, and spacing skipped by HT, ESC \$. This command does not affect the space between lines. White/black reverse mode has a higher priority than underline mode. Even if underline mode is on, it is disabled (but not canceled) when white/black reverse mode is selected.				
For example	1b 40 1c 26 1d 42 00 30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 0d 0a 1b 40 1c 26 1d 42 01 30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 0d 0a				

Turn underline mode on/off

Name	Turn underline mode on/off			
	ASCII : ESC - n			
Format	D	ecimal : 27 45	n	
	Н	EX : 1B 2D	n	
	Tı	Turns underline mode on or off, based on the following values n:		
		n	Function	
Description		n 0, 48	Turns off underline mode	
Description				
Description		0, 48	Turns off underline mode	

Default	n = 0				
Support modal	All the printers				
	The printer can underline all characters (including right-side character spacing),				
	but cannot underline the space set by HT .				
	The printer cannot underline 90 clockwise rotated characters and				
	white/black inverted characters.				
Note	When underline mode is turned off by setting the value of n to 0 or 48, the				
	following data is not underlined, and the underline thickness set before the mode is				
	turned off does not change. The default underline thickness is 1 dot.				
	Changing the character size does not affect the current underline thickness.				
	Underline mode can also be turned on or off by using ESC!. Note,				
	1b 40 1c 26 1b 2d 01				
	30 31 32 41 42 43 B0 AE CE D2 D6 D0 BB AA 0D 0A				
E	1b 40 1c 26 1b 2d 02				
For example	30 31 32 41 42 43 B0 AE CE D2 D6 D0 BB AA 0D 0A				
	1b 40 1c 26 1b 2d 00				
	30 31 32 41 42 43 B0 AE CE D2 D6 D0 BB AA 0D 0A				

Turn 90° clockwise rotation mode on/off

Name	Turn 90 clockwise rotation mode on/off					
	ASCII : ESC V n					
Format	Decimal: 27 86 n					
	HE	HEX : 1B 56 n				
	Tu	rns 90 cloc	ekwise rotation mode on/off n is used as follows:			
Description		n	Function			
•		0,48	Turns off 90 clockwise rotation mode			
		1,49	Turns on 90 clockwise rotation mode			
Range	0 ≤	$\leq n \leq 1$, $48 \leq$	$\le n \le 49$			
Default	n =	= 0				
Support modal	All	l the printers				
	This command affects printing in standard mode. However, the setting is					
	always effective.					
	When underline mode is turned on, the printer does not underline 90					
Note	clockwise-rotated characters.					
	Double-width and double-height commands in 90 rotation mode enlarge					
	characters in the opposite directions from double-height and double- width					
	cor	commands in normal mode.				
	1b	40 1c 26 1b 5	6 01			
For example	30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 0d 0a					
1 of example	1b	40 1c 26 1b 5	6 00			
	30 31 32 41 42 43 CFC3C3C5BFAAB4CFB5E7D7D3 0d 0a					

Turn emphasized mode on/off

[Name] Turn emphasized mode on/off

[Format] ASCII ESC E n

Hex 1B 45 n

Decimal 27 69 n

[Range] $0 \le n \le 255$

[Default] n = 0

[Description] • Turns emphasized mode on or off.

- When the LSB of n is 0, turns off emphasized mode.
- When the LSB of n is 1, turns on emphasized mode.

Turn double-strike mode on/off

[Name] Turn double-strike mode on/off

[Format] ASCII ESC G n

Hex 1B 47 n

Decimal 27 71 n

[Range] $0 \le n \le 255$

[Default] n = 0

[Description] • Turns double-strike mode on or off.

- When the LSB of n is 0, turns off double-strike mode.
- When the LSB of n is 1, turns on double-strike mode.

Turn upside-down print mode on/off

[Name] Turn upside-down print mode on/off

[Format] ASCII ESC { n

Hex 1B 7B n

Decimal 27 123 n

[Range] $0 \le n \le 255$

 $[Default] \quad n=0$

[Description] • In standard mode, turns upside-down print mode on or off.

- When the LSB of n is 0, turns off upside-down print mode.
- When the LSB of n is 1, turns on upside-down print mode.

Select justification (Left justification) centering, Right justification)

Name	Select justification (left, center, right)					
	ASCII : ESC a n					
Format	Decimal : 27 97 n					
	HEX:	HEX: 1B61 n				
	Aligns all the data in one line to the specified position.n selects the justification as					
	follows:					
Description		n	Justification			
		0,48	Left justification			

		1, 49	Centering			
		2, 50	Right justification			
Range	$0 \le n \le$	$0 \le n \le 2 \text{ or } 48 \le n \le 50$				
Default	n = 0					
Support modal	All the	printers				
Note	ESC	ESC @,dump and restart,Reset the printer,This command setting failure.				
	1B 40 1	1B 40 1B 61 02				
	30 31 32 0D 0A					
Example	1B 40 1B 61 01					
Example	30 31 32 0D 0A					
	1B 40 1	B 61 00				
	30 31 3	2 0D 0A				

Select Chinese character mode

Name	Select Chinese character mode			
	ASCII : FS &			
Format	Decimal : 28 38			
	HEX: 1C 26			
Description	Selects Chinese character mode.			
Range				
Default				
Support modal	All the printers			
	For Chinese model:			
	When the Chinese character mode is selected, the printer processes all Chinese			
Note	code as two bytes each.			
	Chinese codes are processed in the order of the first byte and second byte.			
	Chinese character mode is not selected when the power is turned on.			
For avample	1b 40 1C 26 B0 AE C9 CF D7 D4 BC BA 0d 0a			
For example	1C 2E B0 AE C9 CF D7 D4 BC BA 0d 0a			

Cancel Chinese character mode

Name	Cancel Chinese character mode			
	ASCII : FS.			
Format	Decimal : 28 46			
	HEX: 1C 2E			
Description	Cancel Chinese character mode			
Range				
Default				
Support modal	All the printers			
	For Chinese model:			
Note	When the Chinese character mode is not selected, all character codes are			
Note	processed one byte at a time as ASCII code.			
	Chinese character mode is not selected when the power is turned on.			

For example	

$Select\ print\ mode(s)\ for\ Chinese\ characters$

[Name] Select print mode(s) for Chinese characters

[Format] ASCII FS! n Hex 1C 21 n

Decimal 28 33 n

 $[Range] \quad 0 \le n \le 255$

[Default] n = 0

[Description] • Selects the character styles (double-height, double-width, and Chinese-underlined) together for multi-byte code character.

(n) Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	_	_	_	Reserved.
1	_	_	_	Reserved.
2	Off	00	0	Double-width canceled.
	On	04	4	Double-width selected.
3	Off	00	0	Double-height canceled.
	On	08	8	Double-height selected.
4	_	_	_	Reserved.
5	_	_	_	Reserved.
6	_	_	_	Reserved.
7	Off	00	0	Underline mode is turned off.
	On	80	128	Underline mode is turned on.

Select an international character set

Name	Select an international character set				
	ASCII : ESC R n				
Format	Decimal : 27 82 n				
	HEX : 1	IB 52 n			
	Selects int	ternational char	acter set n from the following table:		
		n	Character set		
		0	U.S.A		
		1	France		
		2	Germany		
Description		3	U.K		
Description		4	Denmark I		
		5	Sweden		
		6	Italy		
		7	Spain I		
		8	Japan		
		9	Norway		

		10	Denmark II			
		11	Spain II			
		12	Latin America			
		13	Korea			
		14	Slovenia/Croatia			
		15	China			
Range	$0 \le n \le 15$	5				
Default	0					
Support modal	All the printers					
Note						
	1B 40 1C 26 c3 c0 b9 fa 0d 0a					
	1B 40 1B	1B 40 1B 52 00				
	7b 23 24	40 5b 5c 5c 5c	d 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a			
	1B 40 1C	26 B7 A8 B9	FA 0d 0a			
	1B 40 1B	52 01				
	7b 23 24	40 5b 5c 5c 5c	l 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a			
	1B 40 1C	26 B5 C2 B9	FA 0d 0a			
	1B 40 1B	52 02				
	7b 23 24 40 5b 5c 5c 5d 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a 1B 40 1C 26 D3 A2 B9 FA 0d 0a					
		1B 40 1B 52 03				
		7b 23 24 40 5b 5c 5c 5d 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a				
		1B 40 1C 26 B5 A4 C2 F3 0d 0a				
	1B 40 1B 52 04					
	7b 23 24 40 5b 5c 5c 5d 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a					
	1B 40 1C 26 C8 F0 B5 E4 0d 0a 1B 40 1B 52 05 7b 23 24 40 5b 5c 5c 5d 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a 1B 40 1C 26 D2 E2 B4 E3 C0 EB 0d 0a					
For example						
	1B 40 1C 26 D2 E2 B4 F3 C0 FB 0d 0a 1B 40 1B 52 06 7b 23 24 40 5b 5c 5c 5d 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a					
	1B 40 1C 26 CE F7 B0 E0 D1 C0 0d 0a 1B 40 1B 52 07					
			d 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a			
	1B 40 1C	26 C8 D5 B1	BE 0d 0a			
	1B 40 1B 52 08					
	7b 23 24	40 5b 5c 5c 5d	d 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a			
	1B 40 1C	1B 40 1C 26 C5 B2 CD FE 0d 0a				
	1B 40 1B	52 09				
	7b 23 24	7b 23 24 40 5b 5c 5c 5d 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a				
	1B 40 B5	1B 40 B5 A4 C2 F3 32 0d 0a				
	1B 40 1B 52 0A					
	7b 23 24 40 5b 5c 5c 5d 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a					
	1B 40 CE F7 B0 E0 D1 C0 32 0d 0a					

1B 40 1B 52 0B
7b 23 24 40 5b 5c 5c 5d 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a
1B 40 1C 26 C0 AD B6 A1 C3 C0 D6 DE 0d 0a
1B 40 1B 52 0C
7b 23 24 40 5b 5c 5c 5d 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a
1B 40 1C 26 BA AB B9 FA 0d 0a
1B 40 1B 52 0D
7b 23 24 40 5b 5c 5c 5d 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a
1B 40 1B 52 0D
7b 23 24 40 5b 5c 5c 5d 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a
1B 40 1C 26 CB B9 C2 E5 CE C4 C4 E1 D1 C7 0d 0a
1B 40 1B 52 0E
7b 23 24 40 5b 5c 5c 5d 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a
1B 40 1C 26 D6 D0 B9 FA 0d 0a
1B 40 1B 52 0F
7b 23 24 40 5b 5c 5c 5d 5e 60 7b 7c 7d 7e 7d 0d 0a

Select character code table

Name	Select character code table		
	ASCII : ESC t n		
Format	Decimal : 27 116 n		
	HEX: 1B 74 n		
Description	n :select code page.		

	N	Code Page	N	Code Page		
	0	CP437 [U.S.A., Standard Europe]	26	Thai		
	1	KataKana	27	CP720[Arabic]		
	2	CP850 [Multilingual]	28	CP855		
	3	CP860 [Portug ese]	29	CP857[Turkish]		
	4	CP863 [Canadian-French]	30	WCP1250[Central Europe]		
	5	5 CP865 [Nordic]		CP775		
	6	6 WCP1251 [Cyrillic]		WCP1254[Turkish]		
	7	CP866 Cyrilliec #2		WCP1255[Hebrew]		
	8	8 MIK[Cyrillic /Bulgarian]		WCP1256[Arabic]		
	9	CP755 [East Europe, Latvian 2]	35	WCP1258[Vietnam]		
	10	Iran	36	ISO-8859-2[Latin 2]		
	11	reserve	37	ISO-8859-3[Latin 3]		
	12	reserve	38	ISO-8859-4[Baltic]		
	13 reserve 39 ISO-8859-5[Cyrillic]			ISO-8859-5[Cyrillic]		
	14					
	15					
	16	6 WCP1252 Latin I 42		ISO-8859-8[Hebrew]		
	17	WCP1253 [Greek]		ISO-8859-9[Turkish]		
	18	8 CP852 [Latina 2]		ISO-8859-15 [Latin 3]		
	19	CP858 Multilingual Latin I+Euro)	45	Thai2		
	20			CP856		
	21			Cp874		
	22	CP864 [Arabic]	255	GBK2312		
	23	ISO-8859-1 [West Europe]				
	24	4 CP737 [Greek]				
	25	WCP1257 [Baltic]				
_						
Range		n ≤ 255				
Default	0					
Support modal	All the printers					
Note						
		40 1C 2E 1B 74 00	~ ~~ ~~			
		81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B 80				
		9B 9C 9D 9E 9F A0 A1 A2 A3 A4 A				
For example		B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA I				
		C7 C8 C9 CA CB CC CD CE CF D				
		DB DC DD DE DF E0 E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 E7 E8 E9 EA EB EC ED EE EF F0				
	F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 FA FB FC FD FE FF 0D 0A					

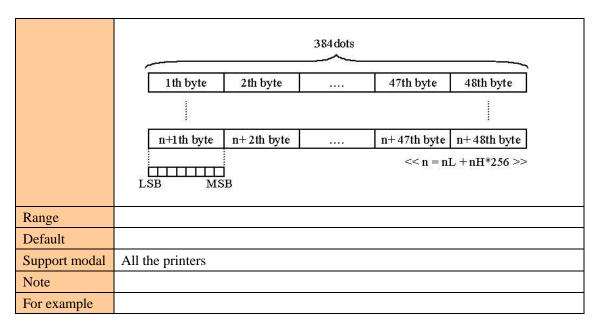
③ Bit image command

Print MSB BITMAP

Name	Print MSB Bitmap							
	ASCII : DC2 V nL nH [d1 d48]							
Format	Hex : 12 56 nL nH [d1 d48]							
	Decimal: 18 86 nL nH [d1 d48]							
	This command use to print MSB format bitmap,							
	The width of bitmap must the same as the printer mechanism							
	Bitmap height: nL+nH*256							
	Bitmap format:							
	384 dots							
Description								
2 computer	1th byte 2th byte 47th byte 48th byte							
	n+1th byte $n+2$ th byte $n+47$ th byte $n+48$ th byte							
	<< n = nL + nH*256 >>							
	MSB LSB							
_								
Range								
Default								
Support modal	All the printers							
Note								
	12 56 01 00							
For example	FF							
	FF							

Print LSB bitmap

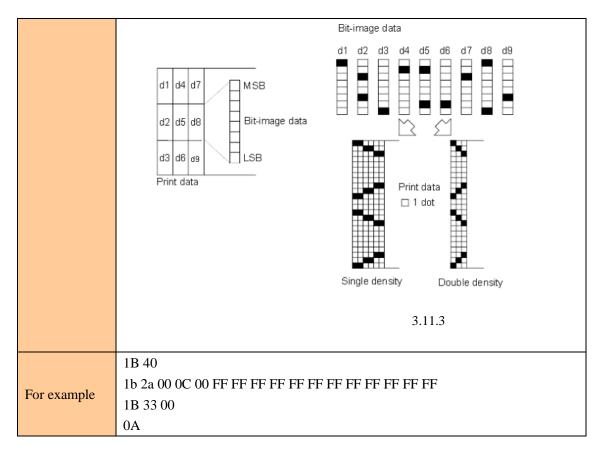
Name	Print LSB Bitmap				
	ASCII : DC2 v nL nH [d1 d48]				
Format	Hex : 12 76 nL nH [d1 d48]				
	Decimal: 18 118 nL nH [d1 d48]				
	This command use to print LSB format bitmap,				
Description	The width of bitmap must the same as the printer mechanism				
	Bitmap height: nL+nH*256				
	Bitmap format:				



Select bit-image mode

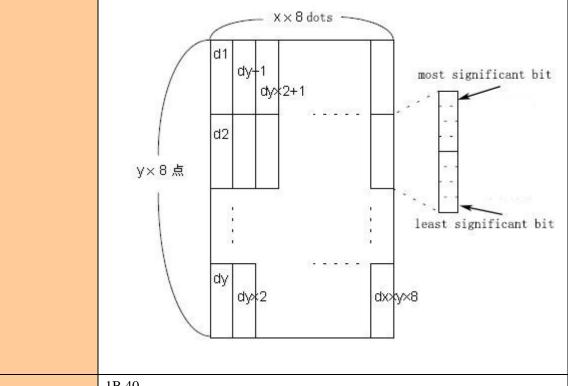
Select bit-image mode
Format Decimal : 27 42 m Hl Hh [d]k HEX : 1B 2A m Hl Hh [d]k Selects a bit-image mode using m for the number of dots specified by nL and nH, follows: m mode Horizontal Scale Vertical Scale 0 8-dot single-density ×2 ×3 1 8-dot double-density ×1 ×3 32 24-dot single-density ×2 ×1 33 24-dot double-density ×1 ×1
HEX: 1B 2A m Hl Hh [d]k Selects a bit-image mode using m for the number of dots specified by nL and nH, follows: m mode Horizontal Scale Vertical Scale 0 8-dot single-density ×2 ×3 1 8-dot double-density ×1 ×3 32 24-dot single-density ×2 ×1 33 24-dot double-density ×1 ×1
Selects a bit-image mode using m for the number of dots specified by nL and nH, follows: m mode Horizontal Scale Vertical Scale 0 8-dot single-density ×2 ×3 1 8-dot double-density ×1 ×3 32 24-dot single-density ×2 ×1 33 24-dot double-density ×1 ×1
follows: m mode Horizontal Scale Vertical Scale 0 8-dot single-density ×2 ×3 1 8-dot double-density ×1 ×3 32 24-dot single-density ×2 ×1 33 24-dot double-density ×1 ×1
m mode Horizontal Scale Vertical Scale 0 8-dot single-density ×2 ×3 1 8-dot double-density ×1 ×3 32 24-dot single-density ×2 ×1 33 24-dot double-density ×1 ×1
Description 0 8-dot single-density ×2 ×3 1 8-dot double-density ×1 ×3 32 24-dot single-density ×2 ×1 33 24-dot double-density ×1 ×1
Description 0 8-dot single-density ×2 ×3 1 8-dot double-density ×1 ×3 32 24-dot single-density ×2 ×1 33 24-dot double-density ×1 ×1
Description 1 8-dot double-density ×1 ×3 32 24-dot single-density ×2 ×1 33 24-dot double-density ×1 ×1
32 24-dot single-density ×2 ×1 33 24-dot double-density ×1 ×1
33 24-dot double-density ×1 ×1
·
III Uh appoision the number of data in the horizontal direction
Hl, Hh specifies the number of dots in the horizontal direction.
(Hl+256×Hh)
[d]k is bit-image mode datas
XX58:
m = 0, 1, 32, 33
$1 \le Hl + Hh \times 256 \le 384$
$0 \le d \le 255$
$k = Hl + Hh \times 256 \ (\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \ m = 0, 1)$
$k = (Hl + Hh \times 256) \times 3 \ (\stackrel{\text{de}}{=} \ m = 32, 33)$
Range XX80:
m = 0, 1, 32, 33
$1 \le Hl + Hh \times 256 \le 576$
$0 \le d \le 255$
$k = Hl + Hh \times 256 \ (\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \ m = 0, 1)$
$k = (Hl + Hh \times 256) \times 3 \ (\stackrel{\text{th}}{=} \ m = 32, \ 33)$
Default

All the printers Support modal If the value of m is out of the specified range, nL and nH the data following are processed as normal data. The nL and nH indicate the number of dots in the bit image in the horizontal direction. The number of dots is calculated by nL + nH 256. If the bit-image data input exceeds the number of dots to be printed on a line, the excess data is ignored. d indicates the bit-image data. Set a corresponding bit to 1 to print a dot or to 0 not to print a dot. After printing a bit image, the printer returns to normal data processing mode. This command is not affected by print modes (emphasized, double-strike, underline, character size, or white/black reverse printing), except upside-down printing mode. The relationship between the image data and the dots to be printed is described in Figure 3.11.3. When 8-dot bit image is selected: Note Bit-image data MSB d1 d2 d3 Bit-image data ∃LSB Print data Print data ☐ 1 dot Single density Double density 3.11.3 When 24-dot bit image is selected:



Define downloaded bit image

Name	Define downloaded bit image				
1 (MIII)	ASCII : $GS * x y d1d(x \times y \times 8)$				
Format	Decimal : $29 \ 42 \ x \ y \ d1 \ d(x \times y \times 8)$				
1 offilet	HEX: $1D 2A \times y d1d(x \times y \times 8)$				
	Defines a downloaded bit image using the number of dots specified by x and y.				
Description	x specifies the number of dots in the horizontal direction.				
2 0001117 11.011	y specifies the number of dots in the vertical direction.				
	$1 \le x \le 255$				
_	$1 \le y \le 48$				
Range	x*y ≤ 1536				
	$0 \le d \le 255$				
Default					
Support modal	All the printers				
	If x×y is out of the specified range, this command is disabled.				
	The d indicates bit-image data. Data (d) specifies a bit printed as 1 and not				
	printed as 0.				
	The downloaded bit image definition is cleared when:				
Note	1) ESC @ is executed.				
	2) ESC & is executed.				
	3) Printer is reset or the power is turned off.				
	The following figure shows the relationship between the downloaded bit image				
	and the printed data.				



1B 40

1D 2A 0a 08

For example

00 00 00 00 ff 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff 00 00
00 00 00 00 ff
1D 2F 03

Print downloaded bit image

Name	Print downloaded bit image						
	ASCII : GS / m						
Format	Decimal : 29 47 m HEX : 1D 2F m						
	Prints a downloaded bit image using the mode specified by m. m selects a mode						
	from the table below:						
	n	Mode					
Description	0, 48	Normal					
	1, 49	Double-width					
	2, 50	Double-height					
	3, 51	Quadruple					
Domas	$0 \le m \le 3$	$0 \le m \le 3$					
Range	$48 \le m \le 51$						
Default							
Support modal	All the printers						
	This command is ignored if a downloaded bit image has not been defined.						
	In standard mode, this command is effective only when there is no data in the						
	print buffer.						
Note	This command has no effect in the print modes (emphasized, double-strike,						
Note	underline, character size, or white/black reverse printing), except for upsidedown						
	printing mode.						
	If the downloaded bit-image to be printed exceeds the printable area, the excess						
	data is not	data is not printed.					
For example							

Define NV bit image

Name	Define NV bit image				
	ASCII : FS q n [xL xH yL yH d1dk]1[xL xH yL yH d1dk]n				
Format	Decimal : 28 113 n [xL xH yL yH d1dk]1[xL xH yL yH d1dk]n				
	HEX: 1C 71 n [xL xH yL yH d1dk]1[xL xH yL yH d1dk]n				
	Define the NV bit image specified by n.				
	n specifies the number of the defined NV bit image.				
Description	xL, xH specifies (xL xH 256) 8 dots in the horizontal direction for the NV bit				
Description	image you are defining.				
	yL, yH specifies (yL yH 256) 8 dots in the vertical direction for the NV bit				
	image you are defining.				
Range	$1 \le n \le 255$				
	$0 \le xL \le 255$				

This command defines n as the number of a NV bit image. Numbers rise in order from NV bit image 01H. Therefore, the first data group [xL xH yL yH d1...dk] is NV bit image 01H, and the last data group [xL xH yL yH d1...dk] is NV bit image n. The total agrees with the number of NV bit images specified by the command FS p.

The definition data for an NV bit image consists of [xL xH yL yH d1...dk]. Therefore, when only one NV bit image is defined n=1, the printer processes a data group [xL xH yL yH d1...dk] once. The printer uses ([data: (xL xH \times 256)×(yL yH \times 256)×8] [header :4]) bytes of NV memory.

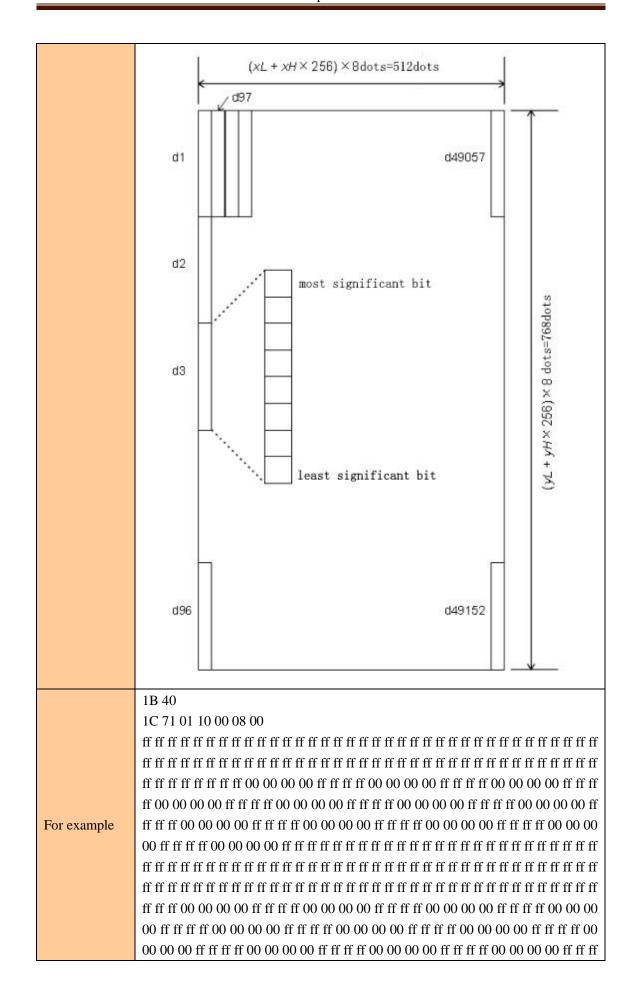
The definition area in this printer is a maximum of 192K bytes. This command can define several NV bit images, but cannot define bit image data whose total capacity [bit image data header] exceeds 192K bytes.

The printer does not transmit ASB status or perform status detection during processing of this command even when ASB is specified.

Once an NV bit image is defined, it is not erased by performing ESC @, reset, and power off.

This command performs only definition of an NV bit image and does not perform printing. Printing of the NV bit image is performed by the FS pcommand.

For example : xL = 64, xH = 0, yL = 96, yH = 0



ff ff ff ff 1C 70 01 00

Print NV bit image

Name	Print NV bit image					
	ASCII : FS p n m					
Format	Decima	Decimal : 28 112 n m				
	HEX:	HEX: 1C 70 n m				
]	Prints NV bit image n using the mode specified by m.				
		m	Mode			
Description		0, 48	Normal			
Description		1, 49	Double-width			
		2, 50	Double-height			
		3, 51	Quadruple			
	0 ≤ m ≤ 3					
Range	48 ≤ m	$48 \le m \le 51$				
	$1 \le n \le 255$					
Default						
Support modal	All the printers					
	NV bit image is a bit image defined in non-volatile memory by FS q and					
	printed by FS p .					
Note	Th	This command is not effective when the specified NV bit image has not been				
	defined.					
	In standard mode, this command is effective only when there is no data in the					

print buffer.

This command is not affected by print modes (emphasized, underline, character size, white/black reverse printing, or 90 rotated characters, etc.), except upside-down printing mode.

If the downloaded bit-image to be printed exceeds one line, the excess data is not printed.

This command feeds dots (for the height n of the NV bit image) in normal and double-width modes, and (for the height n 2 of the NV bit image) in doubleheight and quadruple modes, regardless of the line spacing specified by **ESC** 2 or **ESC** 3.

After printing the bit image, this command sets the print position to the beginning of the line and processes the data that follows as normal data.

For example

Print raster bit image

[Name] Print raster bit image

[Format] ASCII GS v 0 m x L x H y L y H d1...dk

Hex 1D 76 30 m x L x H y L y H d1...dk

Decimal 29 118 48 m x L x H y L y H d1...dk

[Range] $0 \le m \le 3, 48 \le m \le 51$

 $1 \le (x L + x H \times 256) \le 65535 (0 \le x L \le 255, 0 \le x H \le 255)$

 $1 \le (y L + y H \times 256) \le 2303 \ (0 \le y L \le 255, 0 \le y H \le 8)$

 $0 \le d \le 255$

 $k = (x L + x H \times 256) \times (y L + y H \times 256)$

[Description] • Prints a raster bit image using the mode specified by m.

m	Mode	Vertical direction (DPI)	Horizontal direction (DPI)
0,48	Normal	200	200
1,49	Double-width	200	100
2,50	Double-height	100	200
3,51	Quadruple	100	100

- x L, x H specify the number of bytes in the horizontal direction as (x L + x H \times 256).
- y L, y H specify the number of dots in the vertical direction as $(y L + y H \times 256)$.
- d specifies the defined data (raster format).

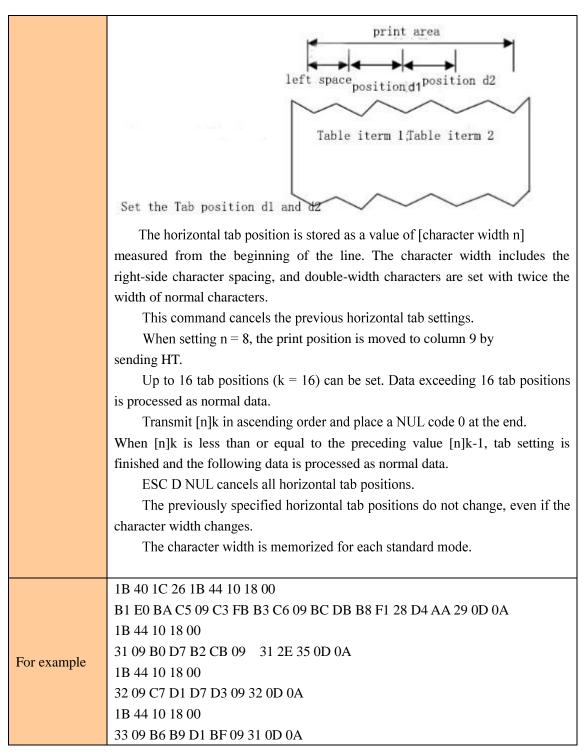
4 Tab command

Horizontal tab

Name	Horizontal tab	
	ASCII : HT	
Format	Decimal : 9	
	HEX: 09	
Description	Moves the print position to the next horizontal tab position.	
Range		
Default		
Support modal	All the printers	
	This command is ignored unless the next horizontal tab position has been set.	
	If the next horizontal tab position exceeds the printing area, the printer sets	
	the printing position to [printing area width + 1].	
Note	Horizontal tab positions are set with ESC D.	
	If this command is received when the printing position is at [printing area	
	width + 1], the printer executes print buffer-full printing of the current line and	
	horizontal tab processing from the beginning of the next line.	
For example		

Set horizontal tab positions

Name	Set horizontal tab positions	
	ASCII : ESC D [d]k NUL	
Format	Decimal : 27 68 [d]k 0	
	HEX: 1B 44 [d]k 00	
	Sets horizontal tab positions.	
	d[k] specifies the column number for setting a horizontal tab position from the	
Description	beginning of the line.	
	k indicates the total number of horizontal tab positions to be set.	
	NULL is end mark.	
	XX58: $1 \le d \le 46 \ (d1 < d2 < \dots dk , 1 \le k \le 16)$	
	XX80: $1 \le d \le 70$ (d1 < d2 < dk, $1 \le k \le 16$)	
Default	[d]k = 0	
Support modal	All the printers	
Note	Set the Tab position:	



(5) Bar code command

Select printing position for HRI characters

Name	Select printing position for HRI characters				
	ASCII: GS H n				
Format	Decimal: 29 72 n				
	HEX: 1D 48 n				
Description	Selects the printing position of HRI characters when printing a bar code. n				

	selec	selects the printing position as follows:					
		n	Printing position				
		0, 48	Not printed				
		1, 49	Above the bar code				
		2, 50	Below the bar code				
		3, 51	Both above and below the bar code				
Range	0 ≤ 1	$n \le 3$ or $48 \le n$	1 ≤ 51				
Default	n = ()					
Support modal	All t	All the printers					
Note	ESC	ESC @,dump and restart,Reset the printer,This command setting failure.					
For example							

Select bar code height

Name	Select bar code height					
	ASCII : GS h n					
Format	Decimal : 29 104 n					
	HEX: 1D 68 n					
	Selects the height of the bar code.					
	n specifies the number of dots in the vertical direction.					
Description	height:50					
Description.	height:100					
Range	$1 \le n \le 255$					
Default	n = 64					
Support modal	All the printers					
Note	ESC @,dump and restart,Reset the printer,This command setting failure.					
For example						

Set bar code width

Name	Set bar code width
	ASCII : GS w n
Format	Decimal : 29 119 n
	HEX : 1D 77 n
Description	Set bar code width unit to n, Parameters n meaning as follow:

	width:3
Range	$1 \le n \le 6$
Default	n=2
Support modal	All the printers
Note	ESC @,dump and restart,Reset the printer,This command setting failure.
For example	

Print bar code

Name	Print bar code					
	(A) ASCII : GS k m [d]k NUL					
	Decimal : 29 107 m [d]k NUL					
Format	HEX: 1D 6B m [d]k NUL					
Format	(B) ASCII : GS k m n [d]k					
	Decimal : 29 107 m n [d]k					
	HEX : 1D 6B m n [d]k					
D 1.7	Selects a bar code system and prints the bar code.					
Description	m selects a bar code system as follows:					

m	m Bar Code		Nur	nber of	Characters	Ren	Remarks		
		System							
1	0	UPC-A	11	k	12	48	d	57	
	1	UPC-E	11	k	12	48	d	57	
	2	JAN13	12	k	13	48	d	57	
		(EAN13)							
	3	JAN 8 (EAN8)	7	k	8	48	d	57	
	4	CODE39	1	k′		48	d	57,	
						65	d	90,	
						32, 3	36, 37,	43, 45,	
						46,	17		
	5	ITF	1	k (ev	ven number)	48	d	57	
	6	CODABAR	1	k′		48	d	57,	
						65	d	68,	
						36,	43, 45,	46, 47,	
						58			
2	65	UPC-A	11	n	12	48	d	57	
	66	UPC-E	11	n	12	48	d	57	
	67	JAN13	12	n	13	48	d	57	
		(EAN13)							
	68	JAN 8 (EAN8)	7	n	8	48	d	57	
	69	CODE39	1	n	255	48	d	57,	
						65	d	90,	
						32, 3	36, 37,	43, 45,	
						46,	17		
	70	ITF	1	n	255 (even	48	d	57	
			num	iber)					
	71	CODABAR	1	n	255	48	d	57,	
						65	d	68,	
						36,	43, 45,	46, 47,	
						58			
	72	CODE93	1	n	255	0	d	127	
	73	CODE128	2	n	255	0	d	127	

[Notes for ①]

This command ends with a NUL code.

When the bar code system used is UPC-A or UPC-E, the printer prints the bar code data after receiving 12 bytes of bar code data and processes the following data as normal data.

When the bar code system used is JAN13 (EAN13), the printer prints the bar code after receiving 13 bytes of bar code data and processes the following data as normal data.

When the bar code system used is JAN8 (EAN8), the printer prints the bar

code after receiving 8 bytes of bar code data and processes the following data as normal data.

The number of data for the ITF bar code must be even numbers. When an odd number of bytes of data is input, the printer ignores the last received data. [Notes for ②]

n indicates the number of bar code data bytes, and the printer processes n bytes from the next character data as bar code data.

If n is outside the specified range, the printer stops command processing and processes the following data as normal data.

[Notes in standard mode]

If d is outside the specified range, the printer only feeds paper and processes the following data as normal data.

If the horizontal size exceeds printing area, the printer only feeds the paper.

This command feeds as much paper as is required to print the bar code, regardless of the line spacing specified by ESC 2 or ESC 3.

This command is enabled only when no data exists in the print buffer. When data exists in the print buffer, the printer processes the data following m as normal data.

After printing the bar code, this command sets the print position to the beginning of the line.

This command is not affected by print modes (emphasized, double-strike,underline, character size, white/black reverse printing, or 700 rotated character, etc.), except for upside-down printing mode.

[Example] Printing GS k 72 7 67 111 100 101 13 57 51

Cor	Control character			Contro	ol chara	acter	
ASCII	Hex	Decimal	HRI character	ASC II	Hex	Decima l	HRI character
NUL	00	0	■U	DEL	10	16	■P
SOH	01	1	■A	DC1	11	17	■Q
STX	02	2	■B	DC2	12	18	■R
ETX	03	3	■ C	DC3	13	19	■S
EOT	04	4	■D	DC4	14	20	■T
ENQ	05	5	■E	NAK	15	21	■U
ACK	06	6	■F	SYN	16	22	■V
BEL	07	7	■G	ЕТВ	17	23	■W
BS	08	8	■H	CAN	18	24	■X
HT	09	9	■I	EM	19	25	■Y
LF	0A	10	∎J	SUB	1A	26	■Z
VT	0B	11	■K	ESC	1B	27	■A
FF	0C	12	■L	FS	1C	28	■B
CR	0D	13	■M	GS	1D	29	■ C
SO	0E	14	■N	RS	1E	30	■D
SI	0F	15	■ O	US	1F	31	■E
				DEL	7F	127	■T



7	(A) $0 \le m \le 6$							
Range	(B) $65 \le m \le 74$							
Default								
Support modal	All the printers							
Note								
	1b 40 1d 48 02 1d 68 64 1d 77 03							
	30 0D 0A							
	1d 6b 00 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 31 00							
	31 0D 0A							
	1d 6b 01 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 31 00							
	32 0D0A							
	1d 6b 02 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 31 32 00							
	33 0D 0A							
	1d 6b 03 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 00							
	34 0D 0A							
	1D 6B 04 30 31 32 41 42 20 24 25 2B 2D 2E 2F 00							
	35 0D 0A							
	1d 6b 05 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 31 32 00							
	36 0D 0A							
	1d 6b 06 2D 31 32 42 24 2B 2D 2E 00							
	1d 6b 06 43 31 32 33 34 35 36 34 38 39 00							
For example	36 35 0D 0A							
101 example	1d 6b 41 0c 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 30 31 32							
	36 36 0D 0A							
	1d 6b 42 0c 30 32 33 34 35 36 30 30 30 30 38 39							
	36 37 0D 0A							
	1d 6b 43 0c 30 32 33 34 35 36 30 30 30 30 38 39							
	36 38 0D 0A							
	1d 6b 44 08 30 32 33 34 35 36 30 30							
	36 39 20 20 4e 4f 20 24 25 2b 2d 2e 2f 31 32 33 34 35 36 30 30 0D 0A							
	1d 6b 45 11 4e 4f 20 24 25 2b 2d 2e 2f 31 32 33 34 35 36 30 30							
	37 30 20 20 20 30 32 33 34 35 36 30 30 C5 BC CA FD 0D 0A							
	1d 6b 46 09 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 30 30							
	37 31 0d 0a							
	1d 6b 47 05 32 33 34 35 36							
	37 32 0d 0a							
	1d 6b 48 0b 32 33 34 35 36 41 42 2e 2f 2b 2c							
	37 33 0d0a							
	1d 6b 49 0A 7B 42 4E 6F 2E 7B 43 0C 22 38							

6 QR CODE COMMAND

Set the model type

Name	Set the model type					
	ASCII : GS (k pL pH cn fn n					
Format	Decimal : 29 40 107 pL pH cn fn n					
	HEX: 1D 28 6b pL pH cn fn n					
Description	Set the model type					
	pL=3, pH=0					
Domas	cn=49					
Range	fn=67					
	$0 \le n \le 16$					
Default	n=3					
Support modal	All the printers					
Note	Set the QR code size of the smallest unit of graphics module[n dots× n dots].					
For example						

Set the QR code error correction level error (ECC)

Name	Set the Q	Set the QR code error correction level error (ECC)						
	ASCII: GS(kpL pH cn fn n							
Format	Decimal: 29 40 107 pL pH cn fn n							
	HEX: 1D 28 6b pL pH cn fn n							
Description	Set the QR code error correction level error							
	pL=3, pF	pL=3, pH=0						
	cn=49							
Range	fn=69							
	48 ≤ n ≤	$48 \le n \le 51$						
Default	n=48							
Support modal	All the printers							
	Set the QR code error correction level error							
			T					
	n	function	The general proportion of					
			recovery (%)					
Note	48	Error correction level L	7					
14010	49	Error correction level m	15					
	50	Error correction level q	25					
	51	Error correction level h	30					
For example								
1 of Champio	l							

Set the QR code graphic data

Name	Set the Ql	R code graph	ic dat	a				
Format	ASCII	: GS (k	рL	pН	cn	fn	m d1dk

	Decimal : 29 40 107 pL pH cn fn m d1dk				
	HEX: 1D 28 6b pL pH cn fn m d1dk				
Description	Set the QR code graphic data.				
	$4 \le (pL + pH \times 256) \le 7092 \ (0 \le pL \le 255, \ 0 \le pH \le 28)$				
	cn=49				
Danga	fn=80				
Range	m=48				
	$0 \le d \le 255$				
	$k = (pL + pH \times 256) - 3$				
Default					
Support modal	All the printers				
NI 4	Set the QR code graphic data(d1dk)to QR code buffer.				
Note	(d1dk) $(pL + pH \times 256) - 3$ Byte as a graphic data is processed.				
For example					

Print store QR codes graphics

Name	Print store QR codes graphics				
	ASCII : GS (k pL pH cn fn m				
Format	Decimal : 29 40 107 pL pH cn fn m				
	HEX: 1D 28 6b pL pH cn fn m				
Description	Print store QR codes graphics				
	pL=3, pH=0				
Range	cn=49				
Range	fn=81				
	m=48				
Default					
Support modal	All the printers				
	Print store QR codes graphics.				
Note	The user must consider QR code graphic space (QR code graphics about spacing and				
	the spacing of up and down).				
	1b 40				
	1d 28 6b 03 00 31 43 03				
	1d 28 6b 03 00 31 45 30				
For example	1d 28 6b 06 00 31 50 30 41 42 43				
	1b 61 01				
	1d 28 6b 03 00 31 52 30				
	1d 28 6b 03 00 31 51 30				

7 STATUS COMMAND

Transmit status

Name	Transmit status				
Format	ASCII : GS r n				
	Decimal : 29 114 n				

	HEX: 1D 72 n						
	Transmits the status specified by n as follows:						
	n				Function		
Description	1.49)			Transmits paper sensor status		
Range	n = 1, 49						
Default							
Support modal	All tl	ne printers					
	,	When usin	g a serial	linterface			
	Whe	n DTR/DS	R contr	ol is selecte	d, the printer transmits only 1 byte after		
	confi	rming the	host is r	eady to recei	ve data (DSR signal is SPACE). If the host		
	comp	outer is not	ready to	o receive dat	a (DSR signal is MARK), the printer waits		
		the host is	•				
					d, the printer transmits only 1 byte without		
		Ü		n of the DSR	e		
					the data in the receive buffer is developed.		
		Therefore, there may be a time lag between receiving this command and					
	transmitting the status, depending on the receive buffer status.						
	When Auto Status Back (ASB) is enabled using GS a, the status transmitted by GS r and the ASB status must be differentiated using.						
NT.	_						
Note	The status types to be transmitted are shown below:						
	Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Status for ASB		
	0,1	-	-	-	Undefined.		
	2,3	Off	00	0	Paper roll end sensor: paper adequate.		
		On	(0C)	(12)	Paper roll end sensor: paper near end.		
	4	Off	00	0	Not used. Fixed to Off.		
	5,6	-	-	-	Undefined.		
	7	Off	00	0	Not used. Fixed to Off.		
		Paper se	nsor statu	is $(n = 1, 49)$:			
	Bits 2 and 3: When the paper end sensor detects a paper end, the						
	printer goes offline and does not execute this command. Therefore, bits 2 and 3						
	do not transmit the status of paper end.						
For example							

Real-time transmission status

Name	Real-time transmission status			
	ASCII : DLE EOT n			
Format	Decimal : 164 n			
	HEX: 10 04 n			
Description	n = 1: printer status			
	n = 2: send offline status			

	n = 3: Transmission error status							
		n = 4: Transmission paper sensor status						
Range	$1 \le n \le 4$							
Default								
Support modal	All th	ne prin	nters					
	n=1	n=1: printer status						
	bit 0/1		HEX	Decimal	Function			
	0	0	00	0	0			
	1	1	02	2	1			
	2	0	00	0	Open one or two cash drawer			
					(No cash drawer is fixed to 0)			
		1	04	4	Close cash drawer			
	3	0	00	0	On-line			
		1	08	8	Off-line			
	4	1	10	16	1			
	5,				Undefined			
	6							
	7	0	00	00	The paper has been torn away			
		1	80	96	Paper not to tear away			
	n=2:	send	offline status					
	位	0/1	HEX	Decimal	function			
	0	0	00	0	0			
Note	1	1	02	2	1			
Note	2	0	00	0	Close paper warehouse			
		1	04	4	Open paper warehouse			
	3	0	00	0	Not push Feed button			
		1	08	8	Push feed button			
	4	1	10	16	1			
	5	0	00	0	Paper normal			
		1	20	32	Paper out			
	6	0	00	00	Normal status			
		1	40	64	Error status			
	7	0	00	0	0			
	n=3: Transmission error status			,				
	bit	0/1	HEX	Decimal	function			
	0	0	00	0	0			
	1	1	02	2	1			
	2				Undefined			
	3	0	00	0	cutter normal			
		1	08	8	Cutter error			

		I	ī	T	1
	4	1	10	16	1
	5	0	00	0	Unrecoverable Error
		1	20	32	Unrecoverable Error
	6	0	00	00	Print head temperature and voltage are
					normal
		1	40	64	Print head temperature and voltage are
					over range.
	7	0	00	0	0
					_
	<u>n=4:</u>	Tran	smission paper	sensor status	3
	bit	0/1	HEX	Decimal	Function
	0	0	00	0	0
	1	1	02	2	1
	2,	0	00	0	normal status
	3	1	0C	12	paper will out
	4	1	10	16	1
	5,	0	00	0	normal status
	6	1	60	96	Paper out
	7	0	00	0	0
	_				
	10 04	101			
-	10 04	1 02			
For example	10 04	1 03			
	10 04	1 04			

Send real-time request to printer

[Name] Send real-time request to printer

[Format] ASCII DLE ENQ n

Hex 10 05 n

Decimal 16 5 n

[Range] n = 1, 2

[Description] • Responds to a request in real-time from the host PC.

n	Function
1	Recovers from a recoverable error and restarts printing from the line where the error
	occurred.
2	Recovers from a recoverable error after clearing the receive and print buffers.
	This command is ignored unless a recoverable error has occurred.

[Notes] • Use this command after removing the cause of the error.

- Take the following into consideration:
- If the received data includes a data string matching this command, the printer performs the command. Users must consider this.

Example: Graphic data might accidentally include a data string matching this command.

• Do not embed this command within another command.

Example: Graphic data might include this command.

Enable/Disable Automatic Status Back (ASB)

Name	Enable/Disable Automatic Status Back (ASB)							
	ASCII : GS a n							
Format	Decimal : 29 97 n							
	HEX	: 1d 61 n						
	When	ASB is	enabled, the p	orinter will s	end the changed status to PC			
	automa	atically.						
	bit	off/on	HEX	Decimal	ASB status			
	0	-	-	-	Undefined			
5	1	-	-	-	Undefined			
Description	3	off	00	0	error status prohibition			
		on	04	4	Error status allows			
		off	00	0	Paper sensor status prohibition			
		on	08	8	Paper sensor status allows			
	4-7	-	-	-	Undefined			
Range	0≤n≤255							
Default								
Support modal	All the printers							
Note								
For example	1D 61 08							

Set the process ID response

```
[Name] Set the process ID response 

[Format] ASCII GS ( H p L p H fn m d1 d2 d3 d4 Hex 1D 28 48 p L p H fn m d1 d2 d3 d4 Decimal 29 40 72 p L p H fn m d1 d2 d3 d4 

[Range] (p L + p H \times 256) = 6 (p L =6, p H = 0) fn = 48 m = 48 

32 \leq d \leq 126
```

[Description] • Saves the process ID specified by (d1, d2, d3, d4) for the data processed immediately before this function.

® Other command

Initialize printer

Name	Initialize printer
	ASCII: ESC @
Format	Decimal: 27 64
	HEX: 1B 40
Description	Clears the data in the print buffer and resets the printer mode to the mode that
Description	was in effect when the power was turned on.
Range	
Default	
Support modal	All the printers
Note	
For example	

Printing test paper

Name	Printing test paper				
	ASCII: DC2 T				
Format	Decimal: 18 94				
	HEX: 12 54				
Description	Printing test page				
Range					
Default					
Support modal	All the printers				
Note					
For example	1B 40 12 54				

Select cut mode and cut paper

```
[Name] Select cut mode and cut paper [Format] <A> ASCII GS V m Hex 1D 56 m Decimal 29 86 m <B> ASCII GS V m n Hex 1D 56 m n Decimal 29 86 m n [Range] <A> m = 0, 1, 48, 49 <B> m = 65, 66, 0 \leq n \leq 255
```

[Description] • Executes paper cutting specified by m.

[F]	- F - F
m		Paper cutting patterns
<a>	0, 48	Full-cut
	1, 49	Semi-cut
	65, 66	Feeds paper to (cutting position $+$ [n \times (vertical motion unit)]) and cuts
		the paper.

[Note] • This printer executes a partial cut (one point left uncut).

Partial cut (one point left uncut)

[Name] Partial cut (one point left uncut)

[Format] ASCII ESC i

Hex 1B 69

Decimal 27 105

[Description] • Executes a partial cut of the roll paper.

[Note] • This printer executes a partial cut (one point left uncut).

Partial cut (three points left uncut)

[Name] Partial cut (three points left uncut)

[Format] ASCII ESC m

Hex 1B 6D

Decimal 27 109

[Description] • Executes a partial cut of the roll paper.

[Note] • This printer executes a partial cut (one point left uncut).

Set the print concentration

Name	Set the print concentration
	ASCII: ESC 7 n1 n2 n3
Format	Decimal: 27 55 n1 n2 n3
	HEX: 1B 37 n1 n2 n3
Description	Set "max heating dots", "heating time", "heating interval";
	• n1 = 0-255 Max printing dots, Unit(8dots), Default:9(80 dots);
	• $n2 = 3-255$ Heating time, Unit(10us), Default:80(800us);
	• n3 = 0-255 Heating interval, Unit(10us), Default:2(20us);
	The more max heating dots, the more peak current will cost when printing, the
	faster printing speed. The max heating dots is 8*(n1+1);
	The more heating time, the more density, but the slower printing speed. If
	heating time is too short, blank page may occur.
	The more heating interval, the more clear, but the slower printing speed.
Range	
Default	
Support modal	All the printers
Note	'heating time', 'heating interval' PCB will automatically adjust according to
Note	the input voltage
	Heating dots: 80dots, heating time: 800us, heating interval: 200us.
	1B 40
	1B 37 09 50 02
For example	12 54
	Heating dots: 80dot, heating time: 1600us, heating interval: 200us.
	1B 40

	1B 37 09 A0 02
	12 54
	It is observed that the more heating time,the more printing dark.